LAWS OF MARYLAND

Special Session

June 22, 1967

MARYLAND, Sct:

At a Special Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, begun and held in the City of Annapolis, on the Twenty-second day of June, 1967, Spiro T. Agnew, being Governor of the State, the following laws were enacted, to wit:

CHAPTER 1

(Senate Bill 1)

AN ACT to make an emergency appropriation of funds from the General Funds of the State for maintenance of State Government, to wit for those programs set forth in Chapter 142, Laws of 1967 (House Bill No. 378), providing State Aid for Police Protection, Aid to Education (increasing the appropriation to the Department of Education over and above the items set forth in the Budget Bill (House Bill No. 80) for the State Share of Current Expenses, Current Expense Incentive Aid, Transportation and for School Construction, and confirming the appropriation in the Budget under the title "Incentive Fund for School Construction" so that the same may be used under the provisions of Maryland Code, Article 77, Section 222, as re-enacted in Chapter 142 of the Laws of 1967) and State Grants to the Subdivisions in accordance with the provisions of Maryland Code, Article 81, Section 12H as enacted by said Chapter 142 in order to meet a certain emergency.

Whereas, Chapter 142, Laws of 1967 (House Bill No. 378) was enacted at the Regular Session 1967 of the General Assembly which was intended by the General Assembly to be a supplementary appropriation bill so that the monies therein provided to be paid and the monies provided to be paid under the formulae therein set forth would be made available to the political subdivisions of this State for expenditure in the fiscal year 1967-1968; and

Whereas, in a case entitled Stanley I. Panitz, et al. v. Comptroller of the Treasury and the State Treasurer, No. 125 Advanced September Term, 1967, the Court of Appeals of Maryland determined that the said Bill was ineffective as a supplementary appropriation measure and enjoined the Comptroller of the Treasury and the State Treasurer from directing and making, respectively, the expenditures

EXPLANATION: Italics indicate new matter added to existing law.

CAPITALS indicate amendments to bill.

Brackets indicate matter stricken from existing law.

Strike out indicates matter stricken out of bill.